



IFRS Adviser Alert

IASB amends IAS 21 to address lack of exchangeability

August 2023

Executive summary

The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has amended IAS 21 *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates* to clarify the approach that should be taken by preparers of financial statements when they are reporting foreign currency transactions, translating foreign operations, or presenting financial statements in a different currency, and there is a long-term lack of exchangeability between the relevant currencies.

The amendments

The amendments include both an update to guidance to assist preparers in correctly accounting for foreign currency items and an increase in the level of disclosure required to help users understand the impact of a lack of exchangeability on the financial statements. The amendments:

- introduce a definition of whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency, and the process by which an entity should assess this exchangeability. An application guidance is provided in new Appendix A;
- provide guidance on how an entity should estimate a spot exchange rate in cases where a currency is not exchangeable;
- require additional disclosures in cases where an entity has estimated a spot exchange rate due to a
 lack of exchangeability, including the nature and financial impact of the lack of exchangeability, and
 details of the spot exchange rate used and the estimation process.

The additional disclosure requirements provide useful information about the additional level of estimation uncertainty, and risks arising for the entity due to the lack of exchangeability.

The amendments to IAS 21 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025, with earlier application permitted.

Our thoughts

Until now, IAS 21 included guidance on the exchange rate to be used when exchangeability between two currencies was temporarily lacking but was silent on the approach to be taken when a lack of

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exchangeability was not only temporary. Although lack of exchangeability may occur relatively infrequently, in such cases economic conditions can often deteriorate quickly. Diversity in applying existing IAS 21 guidance may therefore lead to material differences in how events and transactions are reported. The amendments provide guidance that will increase comparability between financial statements and provide more useful information to users.

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